

Throughout the 1995 field season while surveying cedar/hemlock forests in the White Pine project area of the Palouse Ranger District, occurrences of *Cypripedium fasciculatum* were noted to occur in older forests that exhibited burn marks on several of the older trees. These marks were typically on the base of the trunks at or within the duff. It was apparent that these forests had supported low intensity fire that burned the floor, but left much of the canopy intact. The *Cypripedium* occurred at many areas of such habitat indicating it withstood the disturbance or readily dispersed into such affected habitat.

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